Trends for the Week Compared to a Week Ago

Slaughter Cows<br>\$2 higher<br>Slaughter Bulls

Steady to \$2 higher

Feeder Steers
Under 400 lbs . 12 to $\$ 14$ higher, over 400 lbs . $\$ 4$ to $\$ 8$ higher

Feeder Heifers
Under 500 lbs . $\$ 12$ to $\$ 17$ higher, over 500 lbs . $\$ 4$ to $\$ 9$ higher

Feeder Cattle Index

Wednesday's index \$171.34
Fed Cattle
The 5-area live price of $\$ 142.45$ is up $\$ 2.91$. The dressed price is up $\$ 5.79$ at \$227.27.

## Corn

March closed at $\$ 4.24$ a bushel, down 8 cents since last Friday.

## Soybeans

March closed at $\$ 13.16$ a bushel, up 38 cents a bushel since last Friday.

## Wheat

March closed at $\$ 5.63$ a bushel, down 6 cents a bushel since last Friday.

## Cotton

March closed at 86.8 cents per lb, up 4.21 cents per lb since last Friday.


## Livestock Comments by Dr. Andrew P. Griffith

FED CATTLE: Fed cattle were $\$ 3$ higher compared to last week. Prices on a live basis were primarily $\$ 142$ to $\$ 144$ while dressed prices were primarily \$226 to \$229. The 5-area weighted average prices thru Thursday were $\$ 142.45$ live, up $\$ 2.91$ from last week and \$227.27 dressed, up \$5.79 from a week ago. A year ago prices were $\$ 124.20$ live and $\$ 197.76$ dressed. The short supply of cattle continues to be priced into the market. Fed cattle prices have not done anything but increase since the Christmas holiday. The price for cattle marketed on a live basis has increased more than \$12 since the week before Christmas while the price of fed cattle marketed on a dressed basis has increased nearly $\$ 20$ over the same time period. These types of prices can really help feeder cattle margins, but this also relates to higher feeder calf prices which reduces the probability of a positive margin outcome. Feedlots will continue to purchase cattle as long as they cover all variable costs.

BEEF CUTOUT: At midday Friday, the Choice cutout was $\$ 231.75$ up $\$ 2.96$ from Thursday and up \$17.14 from last Friday. The Select cutout was $\$ 228.95$ up $\$ 3.44$ from Thursday and up $\$ 17.47$ from last Friday. The Choice Select spread was $\$ 2.80$ compared to $\$ 3.13$ a week ago. The Choice and Select beef cutouts have set record prices again this week. The short supply of beef that has been discussed for many months and the run up in prices that has been expected has finally come to fruition. In the past two weeks, Choice beef prices have increased $\$ 29.48$ while Select prices have increased $\$ 31.58$. The oddity is that beef prices generally struggle immediately following the holiday season and they have done nothing but escalate and it has happened at a maddening pace. If the Choice beef market follows the seasonal trend and takes off again in the spring then it may seem as if the sky is the limit. However, the increase in the cutout price has not trans-
ferred to retail prices at this point. Therefore, consumers going to the meat counter will be in for some sticker shock in the near future as retail beef prices set new records. If beef prices increase and disposable income stays the same then consumers will substitute other meat proteins for beef. The substitution of pork and chicken for beef will contribute to an escalation in poultry and pork prices. Additionally, pork supply is somewhat uncertain. Pork supply is expected to be down due to porcine epidemic diarrhea virus which will support the pork price as well.

TENNESSEE AUCTIONS: On Tennessee auctions this week compared to a week ago, feeder steers and bulls under 400 pounds were $\$ 12$ to $\$ 14$ higher while feeder steers and bulls over 400 pounds were $\$ 4$ to $\$ 8$ higher. Heifers under 500 pounds were $\$ 12$ to $\$ 17$ higher with heifers over 500 pounds $\$ 4$ to $\$ 9$ higher. Slaughter cows were \$2 higher while bulls were steady to $\$ 2$ higher. Average receipts per sale were 847 head on 12 sales compared to 454 head on 11 sales last week and 313 head on 12 sales last year.

OUTLOOK: The cold burst a couple of weeks ago might have kept calves from coming to market a week ago, but producers caught up this week as we experienced a fall of the year type run. Producers who marketed cattle this week were met with extremely favorable prices. For example, 525 pound steers averaged $\$ 179$ per hundredweight which is $\$ 940$ per head while 774 pound steers averaged $\$ 154$ per hundredweight $\$ 1,192$ per head. Prices this high seem to provide a lot of incentive to be in the cattle business, but that thought is only appropriate for those who are already in the cattle business. Such high prices can be a major barrier to entry into cattle production. It could easily cost a stocker producer between $\$ 55,000$ and $\$ 60,000$ to

## Livestock Comments by Dr. Andrew Griffith

(Continued from page 1)
purchase enough stocker calves to make a load of cattle at a future date. This investment does not include feed costs which can be fairly substantial as well. Investments of this magnitude can benefit from price risk management strategies as well as contribute to securing a loan for the initial purchase of cattle. Though prices are extremely attractive, producers should still continue to evaluate preconditioning and backgrounding home raised cattle. Prices for yearling cattle that are low risk and ready to enter the feedlot are expected to remain strong throughout the year, and in this market there is really no way to predict the magnitude or timing of the apex of the market. The current cash market prices may be an indication of a producers risk attitude. Many producers who do not like risk at all are likely to market cattle in the near term and take the return and run, or they might manage price risk with the use of futures, options or livestock risk protection insurance. More risk seeking individuals may choose to ride the coat tails of the current market uptrend and hope for the best. Regardless of a producer's risk attitude, prices are likely to remain strong with plenty of opportunities to price cattle at a favorable price level.

TECHNICALLY SPEAKING: Based on Thursday's closing prices, February closed at $\$ 140.15$. Support is at $\$ 139.77$, then
$\$ 138.77$. Resistance is at $\$ 140.77$, then $\$ 141.77$. The RSI is 79.91. April closed at $\$ 139.23$. Support is at $\$ 138.82$, then $\$ 137.92$. Resistance is at $\$ 139.72$, then $\$ 140.62$. The RSI is 76.43. June closed at $\$ 131.28$. Support is at $\$ 131.13$ then $\$ 131.00$. Resistance is at $\$ 131.50$, then $\$ 131.60$. The RSI is 67.82. January feeders closed at $\$ 169.80$. Support is at $\$ 169.68$, then $\$ 169.33$. Resistance is at $\$ 170.03$, then $\$ 170.38$. The RSI is 65.38. March feeders closed at $\$ 168.25$. Support is at $\$ 167.97$, then $\$ 167.22$. Resistance is at $\$ 168.72$ then $\$ 169.47$. The RSI is 57.78. May feeders closed at $\$ 169.90$. Support is at $\$ 169.88$, then $\$ 169.65$. Resistance is at $\$ 170.40$ then $\$ 170.45$. The RSI is 60.01. Friday's closing prices were as follows: Live/fed cattle February $\$ 140.35+0.20$; April $\$ 139,30+0.08$; June $\$ 131.45$ +0.18; Feeder cattle - January \$170.00 +0.20; March \$167.930.33; May \$169.50-0.40; August \$171.10-0.05; March corn closed at $\$ 4.24$ down $\$ 0.04$ from Thursday.

| Milk Futures |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thursday January 16, 2014 |  |
| Month | Class III Close | Class IV Close |
| Jan | 20.91 | 22.10 |
| Feb | 21.79 | 23.24 |
| Mar | 20.39 | 22.90 |
| Apr | 19.44 | 22.09 |
| May | 18.90 | 21.20 |

USDA Box Beef Cutout Value

|  | Choice 1-3 <br> $600-900 \mathrm{lbs}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Select 1-3 <br> $600-900 \mathrm{lbs}$ |  |
| Thursday | 228.79 | 225.51 |
| Last Week | 212.05 | 209.05 |
| Year ago | 193.83 | 186.20 |
| Change from week ago | +16.74 | +16.46 |
| Change from year ago | +34.95 | +39.31 |

## Crop Comments by Dr. Aaron Smith

|  | Previous | Current | Change | Overview |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD Index | 80.76 | 81.37 | 0.61 | Soybeans and cotton were up; corn and wheat were down for the week. Estimated domestic corn and soybean acreage for 2014 received a minor twist last week when the Winter Wheat Seedings report indicated an estimated drop in winter wheat acreage of 1.2 million acres. This combined with |
| Crude Oil | 92.67 | 94.39 | 1.72 |  |
| Dow | 16,424 | 16,452 | 28 |  | lion prevented planting acres ( 7 -year average is 4.8 million acres) reported for 2013 could result in significantly higher available acreage for corn, soybeans, cotton, and other crops for 2014. How these acres will be allocated is debatable, however at present most believe that soybeans will experience the greatest acreage increase. Lower prices for corn could result in a pullback of some acreage this year but I don't believe it will be substantial, unless something else changes.

## Corn

March 2014 corn futures closed at $\$ 4.24$ down 8 cents from last week with support at $\$ 4.19$ and resistance at $\$ 4.30$. Across Tennessee basis (cash price- nearby future price) strengthened in Upper-Middle and Lower-Middle Tennessee; while basis weakened in the Northwest, Northwest Barge Points, and Memphis. Overall basis for the week ranged between 1 under and 30 over the March futures contract. Corn net sales reported by exporters for the 2013/14 marketing year from January 3rd to 9th were 32.3

## Crop Comments by Dr. Aaron Smith

million bushels, primarily to Egypt, Japan, Mexico, Taiwan, and South Korea. Exports for the same time period were 26.6 million bushels primarily to Japan, Mexico, South Korea, Egypt, and Columbia. Corn export sales and commitments are 80\% of the USDA estimated total annual exports for the 2013/14 marketing year (September 1 to August 31) compared to a 5-year average of 58\%. Ethanol production for the week ending January 10th was 868,000 barrels per day down 51,000 barrels per day, the lowest weekly output reported since October 4, 2013. Ending ethanol stocks were 16.078 million barrels down 60,000 barrels. May 2014 corn futures were trading at $\$ 4.31$ down 9 cents from last week. Mar/May and Mar/Sep future spreads were 7 cents and 19 cents.


September 2014 corn futures closed at $\$ 4.43$ down 9 cents from last week with support at $\$ 4.39$ and resistance at $\$ 4.48$. This week September and December 2014 corn futures prices traded between $\$ 4.41$ and $\$ 4.60 / b u$. Prices have begun to slide from the bump received from last Friday's WASDE report look for prices to continue to be downward trending to flat. Having some 2014 production priced at his point in the year is strongly encouraged. Downside price protection could be obtained by purchasing a $\$ 4.50$ September 2014 Put Option costing 35 cents establishing a $\$ 4.15$ futures floor.

## Soybeans

March 2014 soybean futures closed at $\$ 13.16$ up 38 cents for the week with support at $\$ 12.99$ and resistance at $\$ 13.38$. Soybean to corn price ratio was 3.10 at the end of the week. For the week, soybean basis strengthened in all five regions. Basis ranged from 30 under to 80 over the March futures contract at elevators and barge points. Average basis at the end of the week was 47 over the March futures contract. Net sales reported by exporters for the 2013/14 marketing year from January 3rd to 9th were 25.8 million bushels, primarily to China, Mexico, Spain Portugal, and Bangladesh. Net sales reported by exporters for the 2014/15 marketing year were 19.3 million bushels, primarily to China, Mexico, and Japan. Exports for the same period were 57.4 million bushels primarily to China, Spain, Portugal, Mexico, and Taiwan. Soybean export sales and commitments were $102 \%$ of the USDA estimated total annual exports for the 2013/14 marketing year (September 1 to August 31), compared to a 5 -year average of $80 \%$. Many analysts are predicting cancellation of U.S. soybean export commitments when the South American soybean crop becomes available. Prior to any cancelations, buyers will want verification on the size of the South American crop and the ability to bring it effectively to market. May 2014 soybean futures were trading at $\$ 12.97$. Mar/May and Mar/Nov future spreads were -19 cents and -191 cents.


November 2014 soybean futures closed at $\$ 11.25$ up 26 cents for the week with support at $\$ 11.10$ and resistance at $\$ 11.36$. This week November 2014 soybean futures traded between $\$ 10.96$ and $\$ 11.29 / b u$. As mentioned above, the anticipation of record planting has reduced harvest 2014 prices, however exports and domestic crush continue to be very strong and will likely continue

## Crop Comments by Dr. Aaron Smith

to support harvest prices near the $\$ 11.00 /$ bu level for the short term. Once South American production begins to reach the market this situation could change dramatically. Downside price protection could be achieved by purchasing an $\$ 11.40$ November 2014 Put Option which would cost 70 cents and set a $\$ 10.70$ futures floor.

## Cotton

March 2014 cotton futures closed at 86.80 up 4.21 cents for the week with support at 85.36 and resistance at 87.86 . Nearby cotton futures have broken above 85 cents and appear poised to take a run at 88 cents. In the past, buying has decreased substantially when prices have reached 88 cents, whether prices can push above this key point of resistance remains to be seen. It is likely that nearby cotton futures will settle back to the low or mid 80 cent range. Cotton adjusted world price (AWP) increased 0.17 cents to 67.84 cents. Net sales reported by exporters for the 2013/14 marketing year from January 3rd to 9th were up from last week at 223,700 bales of upland cotton, primarily to Vietnam, Indonesia, China, Pakistan, and Thailand. Net sales reported by exporters for the $2014 / 15$ marketing year were 9,300 bales South Korea. Exports for the same period were 217,400 bales primarily to China, Turkey, Vietnam, Indonesia, and Mexico. Cotton export sales and commitments are 76\% of the USDA estimated total annual exports for the 2013/14 marketing year (August 1 to July 31), compared to a 5-year average of $79 \%$. May 2014 cotton futures are trading at 87.05 up 4.31 cents from last week. Mar/May and Mar/Dec future spreads were 0.25 cents and -6.92 cents.

| Cotton | Mar 14 | Change | Dec 14 | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price | 86.80 | 4.21 | 79.88 | 2.43 |
| Support | 85.36 | 3.87 | 79.27 | 2.74 |
| Resistance | 87.86 | 2.57 | 80.31 | 1.24 |
| 20Day MA | 83.86 | 0.46 | 78.15 | 0.56 |
| 50Day MA | 81.27 | 0.62 | 77.22 | 0.27 |
| 100 Day MA | 82.34 | 0.04 | 78.03 | 0.09 |
| 4-Week High | 87.14 | 1.85 | 80.00 | 1.05 |
| 4-Week Low | 81.42 | 0.84 | 76.23 | 0.23 |
| Technical Trend | Strong Up | + | Strong Up | + |



December 2014 cotton futures closed at 79.88 up 2.43 cents for the week with support at 79.27 and resistance at 80.31 . This week December 2014 cotton futures traded at 80 cents for the first time since October 21, 2013. Futures prices above 80 cents represent a good starting point to commence pricing for 2014 production. Downside price protection could be obtained by purchasing a 80 cent December 2014 Put Option costing 5.11 cents establishing a 74.89 cent futures floor.

## Wheat

March 2014 wheat futures closed at $\$ 5.63$ down 6 cents for the week with support at $\$ 5.55$ and resistance at $\$ 5.78$. Net sales reported by exporters for the 2013/14 marketing year from January 3rd to 9th were 11.8 million bushels, primarily to the Venezuela, Mexico, China, South Korea, and Thailand. Net sales reported by exporters for the 2014/15 marketing year were 3 million bushels primarily to the Philippines, Nigeria, and South Korea. Exports for the same period were 21.6 million bushels primarily to China, Brazil, Mexico, Thailand, and Japan. Wheat export sales are 81\% of the USDA estimated total annual exports for the 2013/14 marketing year (June 1 to May 31), above the 5 -year average of $78 \%$. May 2014 wheat futures are trading at $\$ 5.70$ down 5 cents from last week. Mar/May and Mar/Jul future spreads were 7 cents and 14 cents.


## Crop Comments by Dr. Aaron Smith

July 2014 wheat futures closed at $\$ 5.77$ down 3 cents for the week with support at $\$ 5.68$ and resistance at $\$ 5.91$. In Tennessee, June/July cash forward contracts averaged $\$ 5.67 /$ bu with a range of $\$ 5.21 / \mathrm{bu}$ to $\$ 5.93 / \mathrm{bu}$ at elevators and barge points. Old crop wheat was trading between $\$ 6.11$ and $\$ 6.27$. Downside price protection could be obtained by purchasing a $\$ 5.80$ July 2014 Put Option costing 36 cents establishing a $\$ 5.44$ futures floor.

## Additional Information

I recently received a question from a reader that I would like to share with everyone. If you have a question that you would like answered please e-mail it to me at the address below.

Q: Why each week do you quote Put Options as a potential marketing choice for all commodities?

A: Put Options can be a very valuable marketing tool that can be utilized in many circumstances. However, they are quoted for each commodity in the weekly comments for two reasons: 1) in the current marketing environment I feel it is essential to protect downside price risk (a decrease in commodity price); 2) While there are many marketing tools that can assist in protecting downside price risk, Put Options are easily conveyed in terms of strike price (at-the-money is used each week), premium, and futures price floor established. As such, the quotes shown weekly should not be construed as a time or commodity specific marketing recommendation. These quotes are provided to show one alternative that may or may not be an applicable at that time and to stimulate thought on downside price protection and marketing tools in general.

If you would like further information or clarification on topics discussed in the crop comments section or would like to be added to our free email list please contact me at aaron.smith@utk.edu.

Futures Settlement Prices: Crops \& Livestock
Friday, January 10, 2014 -Thursday, January 16, 2014

| Commodity | Contract Month | Friday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soybeans | Jan | 13.04 | 13.27 | 13.39 | 13.18 | 13.15 |
| (\$/bushel) | Mar | 12.78 | 12.94 | 13.07 | 12.97 | 12.96 |
|  | May | 12.60 | 12.74 | 12.88 | 12.81 | 12.81 |
|  | Jul | 12.46 | 12.61 | 12.73 | 12.38 | 12.41 |
|  | Aug | 12.10 | 12.24 | 12.33 | 11.67 | 11.70 |
|  | Sep | 11.45 | 11.60 | 11.66 | 11.18 | 11.22 |
| Corn | Mar | 4.33 | 4.34 | 4.31 | 4.26 | 4.28 |
| (\$/bushel) | May | 4.41 | 4.42 | 4.39 | 4.33 | 4.32 |
|  | Jul | 4.47 | 4.49 | 4.46 | 4.40 | 4.42 |
|  | Sep | 4.53 | 4.54 | 4.51 | 4.45 | 4.46 |
|  | Dec | 4.58 | 4.58 | 4.56 | 4.51 | 4.52 |
|  | Mar | 4.67 | 4.67 | 4.65 | 4.60 | 4.62 |
| Wheat | Mar | 5.69 | 5.73 | 5.79 | 5.68 | 5.73 |
| (\$/bushel) | May | 5.75 | 5.80 | 5.86 | 5.75 | 5.80 |
|  | Jul | 5.81 | 5.87 | 5.93 | 5.81 | 5.86 |
|  | Sep | 5.90 | 5.97 | 6.03 | 5.90 | 5.95 |
|  | Dec | 6.04 | 6.11 | 6.15 | 6.03 | 6.08 |
| Soybean Meal | Jan | 435 | 447 | 453 | --- | --- |
| (\$/ton) | Mar | 414 | 422 | 430 | 435 | 432 |
|  | May | 402 | 409 | 415 | 419 | 418 |
|  | Jul | 395 | 402 | 407 | 410 | 410 |
|  | Aug | 382 | 389 | 394 | 395 | 396 |
|  | Sep | 364 | 372 | 376 | 375 | 377 |
| Cotton | Mar | 82.59 | 83.68 | 83.73 | 84.79 | 86.19 |
| (c/lb) | May | 82.74 | 83.95 | 84.02 | 84.94 | 86.40 |
|  | Jul | 82.47 | 83.74 | 84.02 | 84.66 | 85.87 |
|  | Oct | 79.37 | 79.46 | 79.93 | 80.32 | 81.17 |
|  | Dec | 77.45 | 78.36 | 79.02 | 79.17 | 79.67 |
| Live Cattle | Feb | 136.70 | 136.60 | 137.65 | 139.42 | 140.15 |
| (\$/cwt) | Apr | 136.97 | 137.10 | 137.80 | 138.95 | 139.22 |
|  | Jun | 130.25 | 130.02 | 130.30 | 131.12 | 131.27 |
|  | Aug | 128.30 | 128.32 | 128.57 | 129.27 | 129.40 |
|  | Oct | 131.90 | 131.55 | 131.80 | 132.65 | 132.60 |
| Feeder Cattle | Jan | 168.65 | 167.82 | 168.60 | 169.40 | 169.80 |
| (\$/cwt) | Mar | 167.65 | 166.47 | 166.82 | 168.02 | 168.25 |
|  | Apr | 168.55 | 167.52 | 167.97 | 168.87 | 169.27 |
|  | May | 168.90 | 168.15 | 168.65 | 169.90 | 169.90 |
|  | Aug | 170.67 | 169.72 | 170.17 | 170.80 | 171.15 |
|  | Sep | 169.70 | 168.90 | 169.70 | 170.40 | 170.40 |
| Market Hogs | Feb | 85.82 | 85.37 | 86.00 | 86.60 | 86.87 |
| (\$/cwt) | Apr | 91.00 | 90.37 | 90.67 | 91.55 | 92.25 |
|  | May | 98.87 | 98.35 | 98.75 | 99.22 | 99.60 |
|  | Jun | 100.90 | 100.70 | 100.90 | 101.20 | 101.75 |
|  | Jul | 99.65 | 99.37 | 99.65 | 100.00 | 100.32 |

Prices on Tennessee Reported Livestock Auctions for the week ending January 17， 2014

|  | This Week |  |  | Last Week Weighted Average | Year Ago <br> Weighted Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Low | High | Weighted Average |  |  |
|  | －－－ | －－－ | －－－\＄／cwt－－－ | －－－－－－－－－ | －－－－－－ |
| Steers：Medium／Large Frame \＃1－2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 185.00 | 249.00 | 215.19 | 201.06 | 175.11 |
| 400－500 lbs | 173.00 | 223.00 | 192.37 | 189.69 | 161.28 |
| 500－600 lbs | 158.00 | 196.00 | 175.77 | 171.04 | 149.04 |
| 600－700 lbs | 140.00 | 176.00 | 163.47 | 156.46 | 138.36 |
| 700－800 lbs | 134.00 | 165.50 | 156.50 | 149.77 | 133.15 |
| Steers：Small Frame \＃1－2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 157.50 | 227.50 | 198.34 | 162.03 | 152.54 |
| 400－500 lbs | 142.50 | 193.00 | 165.47 | 158.93 | － |
| 500－600 lbs | 132.00 | 171.00 | 145.50 | 147.25 | 137.08 |
| 600－700 lbs | 125.00 | 144.00 | 134.22 | 132.48 | 125.39 |
| Steers：Medium／Large Frame \＃3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 147.50 | 221.00 | 190.63 | 182.14 | 152.30 |
| 400－500 lbs | 143.00 | 196.00 | 173.96 | 161.61 | 139.10 |
| 500－600 lbs | 140.00 | 184.50 | 167.29 | 155.22 | 131.05 |
| 600－700 lbs | 140.00 | 165.00 | 156.40 | 145.49 | 122.31 |
| 700－800 lbs | 120.00 | 140.00 | 134.46 | 137.69 | 121.60 |
| Holstein Steers |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 103.00 | 127.00 | 112.30 | ーーー | 109.80 |
| 500－600 lbs | 100.00 | 105.00 | 102.86 | 106.15 | 86.49 |
| 700－800 lbs | －－－ | －－－ | －－－ | 96.45 | 83.77 |
| Slaughter Cows \＆Bulls |  |  |  |  |  |
| Breakers 75－80\％ | 77.50 | 94.00 | 86.13 | 85.90 | 72.95 |
| Boners 80－85\％ | 78.00 | 95.00 | 87.50 | 85.72 | 73.14 |
| Lean 85－90\％ | 71.50 | 86.50 | 78.12 | 76.13 | 68.33 |
| Bulls YG 1 | 96.00 | 106.50 | 100.94 | 100.61 | 90.80 |
| Heifers：Medium／Large Frame \＃1－2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 164.00 | 218.00 | 182.56 | 166.76 | 147.85 |
| 400－500 lbs | 146.00 | 200.00 | 172.08 | 158.29 | 140.68 |
| 500－600 lbs | 135.00 | 175.00 | 157.38 | 150.33 | 131.56 |
| 600－700 lbs | 127.50 | 157.50 | 146.35 | 139.75 | 125.09 |
| Heifers：Small Frame \＃1－2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 135.00 | 180.00 | 159.55 | 140.82 | 131.05 |
| 400－500 lbs | 130.00 | 172.00 | 149.24 | 135.12 | 115.90 |
| 500－600 lbs | 125.00 | 147.50 | 137.01 | 150.33 | 117.10 |
| 600－700 lbs | 110.00 | 137.50 | 124.86 | 139.75 | 109.01 |
| Heifers：Medium／Large Frame \＃3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300－400 lbs | 133.00 | 197.50 | 162.28 | 155.18 | 132.68 |
| 400－500 lbs | 130.00 | 178.00 | 156.99 | 143.60 | 126.78 |
| 500－600 lbs | 120.00 | 161.00 | 142.34 | 133.82 | 120.19 |
| 600－700 lbs | 118.00 | 146.50 | 135.47 | 127.24 | 114.51 |

Cattle Receipts（\＃sales）：This week：10，166（12）Week ago：5，000（11）Year ago：3，750（12）


## Video Sales

EAST TENNESSEE LIVESTOCK CENTER - Jan. 15, 2014
1 load out of 175 Holstein steers; est. wt. 750 lbs., range: 700825 lbs.; \$0.04 slide starting at 751 lbs.; 95\% 1s, 5\% 2s; medium flesh; Feed: on ryegrass pasture receiving $20 \mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{hd} /$ day corn silage/corn gluten mix; double-vaccinated; wormed twice; implanted; weighed on goosenecks on certified truck scales; 2\% shrink $\$ \mathbf{1 1 4 . 5 0}$

1 load out of 75 Holstein steers; est. wt. 785 lbs., range: 725$845 \mathrm{lbs} . ; \$ 0.04$ slide starting at $786 \mathrm{lbs} . ; 95 \% 1 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \% 2 \mathrm{~s}$; medium flesh; Feed: on pasture plus hay with self feeder receiving 14\% pelleted ration; vaccinated; wormed twice; implanted; weighed on farm on certified scales; 2\% shrink \$114.00

1 load out 110 Holstein steers; est. wt. 900 lbs., range: 850-950 lbs.; $\$ 0.04$ slide starting at $901 \mathrm{lbs} . ; 100 \% 1 \mathrm{~s}$; medium flesh; vaccinated; wormed; implanted; weighed on truck on certified truck scales; 2\% shrink \$114.70

## ATHENS STOCKYARD - Jan. 14, 2014

1 load Holstein steers; est. wt. 800 lbs., +/- 100 lbs.; Slide: $\$ 0.04$ on first 50 lbs ., over 51 lbs . $\$ 0.06$ slide back to first lb. over base weight; $90 \% 1 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \% 11 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$; large frame; medium flesh; Feed: 5-6\# corn gluten, pasture, hay; vaccinated; wormed; no implants; gather early a.m., gooseneck 60 miles, weigh on certified scales; 1\% shrink \$113.75

1 load steers in the barn; est. wt. 807 lbs., +/- $100 \mathrm{lbs} . ; 100 \%$ BLK/BWF; 95\% 1s, 5\% 1½s; medium flesh; Feed: 16\% Co-op feed, wheat baleage, pasture; vaccinated twice; wormed

## \$160.85

TENNESSEE LIVESTOCK PRODUCERS, Columbia, TN - Jan. 17,2014 1 load steers, 71 head, est. wt. 649 lbs., \$170.75

Video Board Sales and Graded Sales
01/16/14 Farmers Auction Company Fayetteville, TN
Feeder cattle sale Cattle Receipts: 567

* = Value added= Weaned, Vaccinated, Heifers checked open.

| Feeder Steers |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Head | Wt Range |
| 1 | $310-310$ |
| 8 | $350-396$ |
| 5 | $447-447$ |
| 9 | $527-527$ |
| 16 | $523-523$ |
| 4 | $585-585$ |
| 3 | $612-612$ |
| 36 | $605-605$ |
| 4 | $679-679$ |
| 38 | $705-705$ |
| 5 | $792-792$ |
| 31 | $804-804$ |
| 31 | $943-943$ |


| Feeder |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Heifers |  |
| Head | Wt Range |
| 3 | $250-280$ |
| 2 | $300-340$ |
| 12 | $374-375$ |
| 30 | $436-436$ |
| 4 | $453-480$ |
| 21 | $516-525$ |
| 29 | $504-504$ |
| 10 | $555-589$ |
| 60 | $597-597$ |
| 13 | $621-649$ |
| 4 | $670-685$ |
| 1 | $740-740$ |
| 47 | $711-711$ |
| 1 | $785-785$ |
| 1 | $825-825$ |
| 63 | $803-839$ |
| 1 | $870-870$ |
| 8 | $929-929$ |
| 9 | $1006-1025$ |

Feeder Bulls Medium and Large 1-2

| Head | Wt Range |
| :---: | :--- |
| 29 | $448-448$ |
| 14 | $505-515$ |
| 8 | $595-595$ |
| 5 | $615-643$ |
| 1 | $715-715$ |

Medium and Large 1-2

| Avg Wt | Price Range | Avg Price |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 310 | 200.00 | 200.00 |
| 384 | $195.00-206.00$ | 202.92 |
| 447 | 188.00 | 188.00 |
| 527 | 163.00 | 163.00 |
| 523 | 176.50 | $176.50^{*}$ |
| 585 | 171.00 | 171.00 |
| 612 | 163.00 | 163.00 |
| 605 | 174.00 | $174.00^{*}$ |
| 679 | 155.00 | 155.00 |
| 705 | 157.75 | $157.75^{*}$ |
| 792 | 143.00 | 143.00 |
| 804 | 148.25 | $148.25^{*}$ |
| 943 | 141.25 | $141.25^{*}$ |

Medium and Large 1-2

| Avg Wt | Price Range | Avg Price |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 268 | $167.50-182.50$ | 175.23 |
| 320 | $170.00-172.00$ | 170.94 |
| 374 | 170.00 | 170.00 |
| 436 | 162.00 | 162.00 |
| 460 | $152.00-152.50$ | 152.37 |
| 517 | $150.00-154.00$ | 150.58 |
| 504 | 169.50 | $169.50^{*}$ |
| 586 | $147.50-150.00$ | 147.74 |
| 597 | 153.00 | $153.00^{*}$ |
| 630 | $137.00-142.00$ | 140.41 |
| 680 | $130.00-135.00$ | 131.25 |
| 740 | 129.00 | 129.00 |
| 711 | 151.00 | $151.00^{*}$ |
| 785 | 117.00 | 117.00 |
| 825 | 118.00 | 118.00 |
| 830 | $140.00-143.75$ | $142.83^{*}$ |
| 870 | 115.00 | 115.00 |
| 929 | 133.00 | $133.00^{*}$ |
| 1008 | $109.50-115.00$ | 110.12 |


| Avg Wt | Price Range | Avg Price |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 448 | 179.00 | 179.00 |
| 514 | $166.00-176.00$ | 166.70 |
| 595 | 158.50 | 158.50 |
| 636 | $149.50-154.00$ | 150.47 |
| 715 | 139.00 | 139.00 |

Video Board Sales and Graded Sales continued


## Beef Industry News

Featured Article from Drovers CattleNetwork Crop farmers encouraged to proceed with caution Row crop farmers at the American Farm Bureau Federation's 95th Annual Convention were presented with a cloudy forecast in the years ahead and advised to plan accordingly.

High grain prices during years of drought allowed farmers to purchase new equipment and acquire additional land, even as farmland prices skyrocketed to record levels. Matthew Roberts, an associate professor at Ohio State University's Department of Agricultural, Environmental and Development Economics, told a group of farmers in a workshop Monday about the factors that will pull the grain market lower.
"The last six years have been extraordinary years if you are a row crop producer. It's been the best six years in history. The next six years will not be like that."

Roberts pointed to record corn production in 2013 and limited growth in the ethanol industry as reasons for lower corn prices. The ethanol boom and drought-pressured crop yields had previously helped corn and soybean prices to rise above $\$ 8$ per bushel and over \$17, respectively, in 2012.

Roberts advised farmers to prepare for the gloomy forecast by saving money, claiming cash is the only way to ultimately manage risk. He pointed to large farm operators and younger farmers, who haven't managed a farm through hard times, as the groups most likely to be affected.
"We are entering a four year to five year period of lower costs and profitability. I think we'll see some farms (that expanded aggressively) in the corn belt go bankrupt," he predicted. "Put one year's worth of land charges (above normal working capital needs) in the bank as soon as possible.
Read more at http://tinyurl.com/nu8q3oq
Farmers are seeing lower prices for corn, which closed at \$4.35 on Monday, and higher land prices and cash rents across the Midwest. Reuters reports more than half of the 250 million acres of corn, soybean and wheat land in the United States are rented. Kent Olson, an economist at the University of Minnesota, says many farmers are already starting to feel the squeeze between revenue, costs and rent.

## Tennessee Sheep and Goat Auction

01/13/14 Tennessee Livestock Producers Graded Goat and Sheep Sale, Columbia, TN
Receipts: 636 ( 421 Goats; 215 Sheep) Last Sale 723
Next Sale January 27, 2014. (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ Monday of each month)

Goats sold per hundred weight (cwt) unless otherwise noted, weights, actual or estimated.

Slaughter Classes: Kids
Selection 1
25-35 lbs 187.50
36-50 lbs 249.00-260.00
51-65 lbs 235.00-247.00
66-80 lbs 181.00-243.00
$81-90$ lbs 145.00
Selection 3
25-35 Ibs 124.00-247.50
Selection 2
25-35 lbs 197.00-229.00
36-50 lbs 245.00-249.00
51-65 lbs 229.00-253.00
66-80 lbs 169.00-196.00

Yearlings Selection 2-3
50-100 lbs 140.00-155.00

36-50 lbs 191.00-235.00
51-65 lbs 201.00-217.50
66-80 lbs 174.00
Slaughter Bucks/Billies 120.00-139.00
Slaughter Nannies/Does 94.00-134.00
Kids Feeders Selection 3
24-50 lbs 140.00-200.00
SHEEP:
Slaughter Lambs-Includes all breeds, sold per hundred weight (cwt).
Choice and Prime 40-60 lbs 193.00-202.00
Good 169.00-184.00
Choice and Prime 61-80 lbs 168.00-188.00
Good 160.00-171.00
Choice and Prime 81-100 lbs 142.00-150.00
Good
123.00-135.00

Choice and Prime 100-120 lbs
129.00-140.50

Choice and Prime $120-152 \mathrm{lbs}$
Slaughter Ewes Utility and Good: All wgts 61.00-90.00
Slaughter Rams: All Wgts 59.00-89.00

# University of Tennessee Extension Department of Agricultural and Resource Economics 

314 Morgan Hall • 2621 Morgan Circle<br>http://economics.ag.utk.edu/ http://economics.ag.utk.edu/curmkt.html<br>USDA / Tennessee Department of Agriculture Market News Service http://www.tennessee.gov/agriculture/marketing/marketnews.html 1-800-342-8206<br>тне UNIVERSITYofTENNESSEE UIT

Institute of Agriculture

## January 13, 2014

## CORN:

Harvested area for corn is raised 436,000 acres, but the estimated yield is lowered 1.6 bushels per acre to 158.8 , reducing production 64 million bushels to 13.9 billion. Projected corn use for 2013/14 is raised with feed and residual use projected up 100 million bushels based on September-November disappearance as indicated by the December 1 stocks estimate. Corn used to produce ethanol is raised 50 million bushels reflecting continued strong weekly ethanol production, a reduction in expected sorghum use for ethanol, and higher forecast 2014 gasoline consumption in the latest projections from the Energy Information Administration. A 50-millionbushel reduction in other food, seed, and industrial use offsets the increase in use for ethanol. Corn ending stocks for 2013/14 are projected 161 million bushels lower at 1.6 billion. The projected 2013/14 season-average farm price for corn is unchanged at the midpoint with the range narrowed to $\$ 4.10$ to $\$ 4.70$ per bushel.

Foreign corn production is raised 169 million bushels with higher China production. China corn production is raised 236 million bushels reflecting the latest upward revision by the China National Grain and Oil Information Center, indications from the National Bureau of Statistics for total 2013/14 grain production, and review of growing-season weather. Favorable weather suggests year-toyear yield increases in most of China's major corn producing areas. In the northeastern region, above normal rainfall and favorable temperatures were experienced in nearly all of the corn areas. Harvested area is also raised for China.

Partly offsetting the China corn increase are reductions in 2013/14 corn output for Argentina, Russia, and the European Union. Pro-
duction is lowered 39 million bushels for Argentina with lower expected area and reduced prospects for yields following December heat and dryness. Production is lowered 20 million bushels for Russia based on the latest government data. European Union production is lowered 12 million bushels with a reduction for France.

World corn trade for 2013/14 is lowered with a 79-million-bushel reduction in imports expected for China. Recent rejections of U.S. corn shipments by China and larger domestic corn supplies in China are expected to limit imports during the 2013/14 marketing year. Corn imports are raised for Mexico and the Philippines, up 20 million bushels and 12 million bushels, respectively. Corn exports for Argentina are lowered 39 million bushels also supporting this month's unchanged U.S. corn export projection. Global corn ending stocks are projected 97 million bushels lower with an increase for China more than offset by reductions for the United States and Brazil.

Aaron's Comments:
Corn was the biggest surprise of the January WASDE report. Many were expecting increased production and higher domestic ending stocks; the USDA delivered the opposite. As a result, March corn futures jumped $25+$ cents from the low of $\$ 4.06 /$ bu and appear to have established a new trading range between $\$ 4.30$ and $\$ 4.36 /$ bu. For those that have unpriced corn this represents a good opportunity to price remaining production as this range may not be sustainable due to strong domestic and global stocks. Harvest 2014 prices also received a significant bump from the report. September and December futures prices are now over $\$ 4.50 /$ bu and may represent a good starting point for producers that have not begun pricing 2014 production.

Monthly Crop Outlook: USDA World Supply and Demand Estimates - Comments by Aaron Smith
January 13, 2014

## CORN continued:

|  | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2012/13 } \\ \text { USDA } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | 2013/14 USDA <br> Projected <br> December | 2013/14 USDA <br> Projected January |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acres Planted (Million Acres) | 93.5 | 86.0 | 86.4 | 88.2 | 91.9 | 97.2 | 95.3 | 95.4 |
| Acres Harvested (Million Acres) | 86.5 | 78.6 | 79.5 | 81.4 | 84.0 | 87.4 | 87.2 | 87.7 |
| U.S. Average Yield (Bu/Acre) | 150.7 | 153.9 | 164.7 | 152.8 | 147.2 | 123.4 | 160.4 | 158.8 |
| ---MILLION BUSHELS-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beg. Stocks | 1,304 | 1,624 | 1,673 | 1,708 | 1,128 | 989 | 824 | 821 |
| Production | 13,038 | 12,092 | 13,092 | 12,447 | 12,360 | 10,780 | 13,989 | 13,925 |
| Imports | 20 | 14 | 8 | 28 | 29 | 162 | 30 | 35 |
| Total Supply | 14,362 | 13,729 | 14,774 | 14,182 | 13,517 | 11,932 | 14,842 | 14,781 |
| USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feed and Residual | 5,913 | 5,182 | 5,125 | 4,792 | 4,547 | 4,335 | 5,200 | 5,300 |
| Ethanol | 3,049 | 3,709 | 4,591 | 5,021 | 5,000 | 4,648 | 4,950 | 5,000 |
| Food, seed, industrial | 1,338 | 1,316 | 1,370 | 1,407 | 1,428 | 1,396 | 1,450 | 1,400 |
| Exports | 2,437 | 1,849 | 1,980 | 1,835 | 1,543 | 731 | 1,450 | 1,450 |
| Total Use | 12,737 | 12,056 | 13,066 | 13,054 | 12,528 | 11,111 | 13,050 | 13,150 |
| U.S. Ending Stocks | 1,624 | 1,673 | 1,708 | 1,128 | 989 | 821 | 1,792 | 1,631 |
| Foreign Stocks | 3,583 | 4,137 | 4,040 | 3,919 | 4,238 | 4,414 | 4,603 | 4,667 |
| PRICE AND STOCKS TO USE RATIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Avg. Season Price | \$4.20 | \$4.06 | \$3.55 | \$5.18 | \$6.22 | \$6.89 | \$4.05-4.75 | \$4.10-4.70 |
| Stocks/Use | 12.75\% | 13.88\% | 13.07\% | 8.64\% | 7.89\% | 7.39\% | 13.73\% | 12.40\% |

[^0]
## January 13, 2014

## COTTON:

The U.S. cotton estimates for 2013/14 are revised slightly to reflect higher production. Production is raised 118,000 bales from last month, due mainly to an increase for Texas. Domestic mill use is unchanged, but exports are raised to 10.5 million, leaving ending stocks unchanged at 3.0 million bales. The marketing-year average price is projected in a narrower range of 72-77 cents per pound, with the midpoint of 74.5 cents raised marginally from last month.

The 2013/14 world cotton supply and demand estimates include higher production and marginally lower consumption, resulting in an increase of 1.2 million bales in ending stocks. Production is raised mainly for China, where government classing data indicates that Xinjiang production, which accounts for about 60 percent of the total, may exceed 2012/13. Production also is raised for Argentina, but is reduced for Pakistan, and Pakistan's consumption also is reduced. World stocks are now projected at 97.6 million bales, with China accounting for 60 percent of the total.

Aaron's Comments:
Overall the outlook for cotton was left largely unchanged from last month. Minor changes were made in production. Harvested acreage was revised down 120,000 acres and yield increased $20 \mathrm{lbs} /$ acre. These production changes were offset by a 100,000 bale increase in imports. Chinese stocks to use ratio was up $3 \%$ from last month and is approaching $162 \%$ or 1.62 bales in reserve for every bale used annually. Prices continue to be damped by excess Chinese reserves. Nearby cotton futures continue to trade between

80 and 85 cents, while harvest 2014 futures prices are in a trading range of 76 to 79 cents.

|  | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2012/13 } \\ \text { USDA } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | 2013/14 USDA <br> Projected <br> December | 2013/14 USDA Projected January |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acres Planted (million acres) | 10.83 | 9.47 | 9.15 | 10.97 | 14.74 | 12.31 | 10.34 | 10.41 |
| Acres Harvested (Million Acres) | 10.49 | 7.57 | 7.53 | 10.70 | 9.46 | 9.37 | 7.78 | 7.66 |
| U.S. Average Yield (lbs/acre) | 879 | 813 | 777 | 812 | 790 | 887 | 806 | 826 |
| --MILLION BALES-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beg. Stocks | 9.48 | 10.05 | 6.34 | 2.95 | 2.60 | 3.35 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Production | 19.21 | 12.82 | 12.19 | 18.10 | 15.57 | 17.32 | 13.07 | 13.19 |
| Imports | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Total Supply | 28.7 | 22.87 | 18.53 | 21.06 | 18.19 | 20.68 | 16.98 | 17.1 |
| USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 4.59 | 3.59 | 3.46 | 3.90 | 3.30 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Exports | 13.65 | 13.26 | 12.04 | 14.38 | 11.71 | 13.03 | 10.4 | 10.5 |
| Total Use | 18.24 | 16.85 | 15.50 | 18.28 | 15.01 | 16.53 | 14 | 14.1 |
| U.S. Ending Stocks | 10.05 | 6.34 | 2.95 | 2.60 | 3.35 | 3.9 | 3 | 3 |
| Foreign Stocks | 50.68 | 54.47 | 43.71 | 46.84 | 69.97 | 85.27 | 93.41 | 94.61 |
| Chinese Stocks | 20 | 22.37 | 15.25 | 10.6 | 31.08 | 50.36 | 57.31 | 58.31 |
| PRICE AND STOCKS TO USE RATIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Avg. Season Price (\$/LB) | \$0.59 | \$0.48 | \$0.63 | \$0.82 | \$0.88 | \$0.73 | \$0.70-0.78 | \$0.72-0.77 |
| Stocks/Use | 55.10\% | 37.63\% | 19.03\% | 14.22\% | 22.32\% | 23.59\% | 21.43\% | 21.28\% |
| Chinese Stocks/Use | 38.83\% | 50.84\% | 30.50\% | 23.04\% | 81.79\% | 139.89\% | 159.19\% | 161.97\% |

Supply and Demand Projections and Historical Data Source: USDA

Monthly Crop Outlook: USDA World Supply and Demand Estimates - Comments by Aaron Smith

## January 13, 2014

## SOYBEANS:

The U.S. cotton estimates for 2013/14 are revised slightly to reflect higher production. Production is raised 118,000 bales from last month, due mainly to an increase for Texas. Domestic mill use is unchanged, but exports are raised to 10.5 million, leaving ending stocks unchanged at 3.0 million bales. The marketing-year average price is projected in a narrower range of 72-77 cents per pound, with the midpoint of 74.5 cents raised marginally from last month.

The 2013/14 world cotton supply and demand estimates include higher production and marginally lower consumption, resulting in an increase of 1.2 million bales in ending stocks. Production is raised mainly for China, where government classing data indicates that Xinjiang production, which accounts for about 60 percent of the total, may exceed 2012/13. Production also is raised for Argentina, but is reduced for Pakistan, and Pakistan's consumption also is reduced. World stocks are now projected at 97.6 million bales, with China accounting for 60 percent of the total.

Aaron's Comments:
Overall the outlook for cotton was left largely unchanged from last month. Minor changes were made in production. Harvested acreage was revised down 120,000 acres and yield increased $20 \mathrm{lbs} /$ acre. These production changes were offset by a 100,000 bale increase in imports. Chinese stocks to use ratio was up $3 \%$ from last month and is approaching $162 \%$ or 1.62 bales in reserve for every bale used annually. Prices continue to be damped by excess Chi-
nese reserves. Nearby cotton futures continue to trade between 80 and 85 cents, while harvest 2014 futures prices are in a trading range of 76 to 79 cents.

|  | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2012/13 } \\ \text { USDA } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2013/14 USDA } \\ & \text { Projected } \\ & \text { December } \end{aligned}$ | 2013/14 USDA Projected January |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acres Planted (million acres) | 64.7 | 75.7 | 77.5 | 77.4 | 75.0 | 77.2 | 76.5 | 76.5 |
| Acres Harvested (Million Acres) | 64.1 | 74.7 | 76.4 | 76.6 | 73.8 | 76.2 | 75.7 | 75.9 |
| U.S. Average Yield (Bu/Acre) | 41.7 | 39.7 | 44.0 | 43.5 | 41.9 | 39.8 | 43.0 | 43.3 |
| --MILLION BUSHELS-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beg. Stocks | 574 | 205 | 138 | 151 | 215 | 169 | 141 | 141 |
| Production | 2,677 | 2,967 | 3,359 | 3,329 | 3,094 | 3,034 | 3,258 | 3,289 |
| Imports | 10 | 13 | 15 | 14 | 16 | 36 | 25 | 25 |
| Total Supply | 3,261 | 3,185 | 3,512 | 3,495 | 3,325 | 3,239 | 3,423 | 3,454 |
| USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crushings | 1,801 | 1,662 | 1,752 | 1,648 | 1,703 | 1,689 | 1,690 | 1,700 |
| Exports | 1,161 | 1,279 | 1,499 | 1,501 | 1,365 | 1,320 | 1,475 | 1,495 |
| Seed and Residual | 93 | 106 | 110 | 130 | 91 | 90 | 109 | 109 |
| Total Use | 3,056 | 3,047 | 3,361 | 3,280 | 3,155 | 3,099 | 3,274 | 3,304 |
| U.S. Ending Stocks | 205 | 138 | 151 | 215 | 169 | 141 | 150 | 150 |
| Foreign Stocks | 1,684 | 1,440 | 2,082 | 2,361 | 1,857 | 2,084 | 2,445 | 2,507 |
| PRICE AND STOCKS TO USE RATIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Avg. Season Price (\$/Bu) | \$10.10 | \$9.97 | \$9.59 | \$11.30 | \$12.50 | \$14.40 | \$11.50-13.50 | \$11.75-13.25 |
| Stocks/Use | 6.71\% | 4.53\% | 4.49\% | 6.55\% | 5.36\% | 4.55\% | 4.58\% | 4.54\% |

## January 13, 2014

## WHEAT:

The U.S. cotton estimates for 2013/14 are revised slightly to reflect higher production. Production is raised 118,000 bales from last month, due mainly to an increase for Texas. Domestic mill use is unchanged, but exports are raised to 10.5 million, leaving ending stocks unchanged at 3.0 million bales. The marketing-year average price is projected in a narrower range of 72-77 cents per pound, with the midpoint of 74.5 cents raised marginally from last month.

The 2013/14 world cotton supply and demand estimates include higher production and marginally lower consumption, resulting in an increase of 1.2 million bales in ending stocks. Production is raised mainly for China, where government classing data indicates that Xinjiang production, which accounts for about 60 percent of the total, may exceed $2012 / 13$. Production also is raised for Argentina, but is reduced for Pakistan, and Pakistan's consumption also is reduced. World stocks are now projected at 97.6 million bales, with China accounting for 60 percent of the total.

## Aaron's Comments:

Overall the outlook for cotton was left largely unchanged from last month. Minor changes were made in production. Harvested acreage was revised down 120,000 acres and yield increased $20 \mathrm{lbs} / \mathrm{acre}$. These production changes were offset by a 100,000 bale increase in imports. Chinese stocks to use ratio was up $3 \%$ from last month and is approaching $162 \%$ or 1.62 bales in reserve for every bale used annually. Prices continue to be damped by excess Chinese reserves. Nearby cotton futures continue to trade between 80 and 85 cents, while harvest 2014 futures prices are in a trading range of 76 to 79 cents.

|  | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2012/13 } \\ \text { USDA Est. } \end{gathered}$ | 2013/14 USDA <br> Projected November | 2013/14 USDA <br> Projected <br> December |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acres Planted (million acres) | 60.5 | 63.2 | 59.2 | 53.6 | 54.4 | 55.7 | 56.2 | 56.2 |
| Acres Harvested (Million Acres) | 51.0 | 55.7 | 49.9 | 47.6 | 45.7 | 48.9 | 45.2 | 45.2 |
| U.S. Average Yield (Bu/Acre) | 40.2 | 44.9 | 44.5 | 46.3 | 43.7 | 46.3 | 47.2 | 47.2 |
| --MILLION BUSHELS-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beg. Stocks | 456 | 306 | 657 | 976 | 862 | 743 | 718 | 718 |
| Production | 2,051 | 2,499 | 2,218 | 2,207 | 1,999 | 2,266 | 2,130 | 2,130 |
| Imports | 113 | 127 | 119 | 97 | 112 | 123 | 160 | 160 |
| Total Supply | 2,620 | 2,932 | 2,993 | 3,279 | 2,974 | 3,131 | 3,008 | 3,008 |
| USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food | 947 | 927 | 919 | 926 | 941 | 945 | 950 | 950 |
| Seed | 88 | 78 | 69 | 71 | 76 | 73 | 73 | 74 |
| Feed | 15 | 255 | 150 | 132 | 162 | 390 | 310 | 250 |
| Exports | 1,264 | 1,015 | 879 | 1,289 | 1,051 | 1,007 | 1,100 | 1,125 |
| Total Use | 2,314 | 2,275 | 2,018 | 2,417 | 2,231 | 2,414 | 2,433 | 2,399 |
| U.S. Ending Stocks | 306 | 657 | 976 | 862 | 743 | 718 | 575 | 608 |
| Foreign Stocks | 4,322 | 5,482 | 6,427 | 6,446 | 6,567 | 5,754 | 6,142 | 6,204 |
| PRICE AND STOCKS TO USE RATIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Avg. Season Price (\$/Bu) | \$6.48 | \$6.78 | \$4.87 | \$5.70 | \$7.24 | \$7.77 | \$6.65-7.15 | \$6.60-7.00 |
| Stocks/Use | 13.22\% | 28.88\% | 48.36\% | 35.66\% | 33.30\% | 29.74\% | 23.63\% | 25.34\% |

Supply and Demand Projections and Historical Data Source: USDA

## January 13, 2014

As we start 2014, budgets and projections particularly at average yields look to be closer or tighter than 2013. Lower commodity prices in 2014 could squeeze profit margins and in some instances create negative margins. Producers should develop their own financial plans to gauge the effects of lower prices on their operation. Please contact your local County Extension office or Area Specialist - Farm Management for assistance in developing your own budget or farm financial plan.

This table below should be used as a guide as yields, prices, and expenses will vary among producers and locations. Expenses will vary among producers and production systems. For reference, in variable expenses below, fertilizer expense per acre is estimated as follows: cotton - $\$ 112$, Soybeans - $\$ 46$, Corn - $\$ 148$ (includes 170 units of N), Milo - \$94, and wheat/soybeans - $\$ 110$. As we start to look at 2014 cropping decisions, cost of production will be adjusted as information becomes available. Projected yields used in these estimates are based on 5 year average Tennessee yields. Weed control costs with resistant weeds have also been difficult to estimate. These costs will vary greatly among producers and individual fields. Production costs are estimates based on the 2014 University of Tennessee Crop Budgets with adjustments made where needed. Please visit with your farm supplier on estimated cost in your area.

Producers with owned land and or cash rent can use Returns Over Variable as a guide in decision making. Producers with share rent
ground should use Returns Over Variable and Land Costs as a guide with their appropriate share rent calculated. A land cost of $25 \%$ of revenue is used in the table as a guide or method of comparison and should not be construed as the appropriate rent for a particular area. Producers who are not making major equipment changes can use UT budgets and this table as a guide in developing their own cropping decision budgets. If equipment changes are being made, then a whole farm financial plan would be better suited as a decision aid.

| 2014 Estimated Returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | COTTON | SOYBEANS | CORN | MILO | WHEAT/SOYBEANS |
| Yield | 862 lbs. | 40 bu. | 127 bu. | 85 bu. | 61 bu./ 28 bu. |
| Price (as of 01/13/14) | \$0.78 lbs. | \$11.33 bu. | \$4.38 bu. | \$4.38 bu. | \$5.73 bu. / \$11.33 bu. |
| Revenue | \$672 | \$453 | \$556 | \$372 | \$667 |
| Variable Expenses | \$487 | \$274 | \$386 | \$220 | \$448 |
| Returns Over Variable | \$185 | \$180 | \$171 | \$152 | \$219 |
| Land Costs (25\% of Revenue) | \$166 | \$111 | \$136 | \$92 | \$162 |
| Returns Over Variable and Land Costs | \$19 | \$69 | \$35 | \$60 | \$57 |
| Fixed Costs Depreciation \& Interest on Machinery | \$85 | \$63 | \$60 | \$60 | \$107 |
| Returns Over Specified Costs | -\$66 | \$6 | -\$25 | \$0 | -\$49 |
| Breakeven Price at Average Yield and Specified Cost | \$0.86 | \$11.18 | \$4.58 | \$4.38 | \$6.52/\$11.44 |

Some differences have occurred due to rounding.


[^0]:    Supply and Demand Projections and Historical Data Source: USDA

